

**Amendment to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Original) An image sensor comprising a plurality of pixels, each pixel comprising:
  - a light sensor element (12), a sensor voltage across the element varying depending on the light incident on the element (12);
  - a voltage amplifier (16) having gain magnitude greater than 1; and
  - a sampling capacitor (18) charged by the voltage amplifier,wherein the voltage amplifier comprises first (40) and second (38) transistors in series, the input to the voltage amplifier being provided to the gate of the first transistor (40), and the output being defined by the junction between the first and second transistors (40,38),
  - and wherein each pixel further comprises a third transistor (49), the gate of the third transistor being connected to one terminal of the light sensor element (12), and the source of the third transistor (49) being connected to the gate of the first transistor (40).
2. (Original) An image sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein each pixel further comprises a pixel storage capacitor (14) connected to the light sensor element (12).
3. (Original) An image sensor as claimed in claim 2, wherein the capacitance of the sampling capacitor (18) is less than 10 times the capacitance of the pixel storage capacitor (14).
4. (Original) An image sensor as claimed in claim 3, wherein the capacitance of the sampling capacitor (18) is less than 2 times the capacitance of the pixel storage capacitor (14).

5. (Original) An image sensor as claimed in claim 4, wherein the capacitance of the sampling capacitor (18) is approximately equal to the capacitance of the pixel storage capacitor (14).

6. (Previously Presented) An image sensor as claimed in claim 3, wherein the capacitance of the sampling capacitor (18) is in the range 0.5pF to 3pF, and the capacitance of the pixel storage capacitor (14) is in the range 0.5pF to 3pF.

7. (Original) An image sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the capacitance of the sampling capacitor (18) is less than 10 times a self-capacitance of the light sensor element (12).

8. (Original) An image sensor as claimed in claim 7, wherein the capacitance of the sampling capacitor (18) is less than 2 times the self-capacitance of the light sensor element (12).

9. (Previously Presented) An image sensor as claimed in claim 7, wherein the capacitance of the sampling capacitor (18) is in the range 0.5pF to 3pF, and the self-capacitance of light sensor (12) is in the range 0.5pF to 3pF.

10. (Previously Presented) An image sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein the gain magnitude of the voltage amplifier (16) is in the range 2 to 5.

11. (Previously Presented) An image sensor as claimed in claim 1, wherein a bias voltage (44) is connected to the gate of the second transistor (38).

12. (Original) An image sensor as claimed in claim 11, wherein the output of the voltage amplifier (16) is connected to one terminal of the sampling capacitor (18), the other terminal

of the sampling capacitor (18) being connected to the pixel output through an output switch (22;34).

13. (Previously Presented) An image sensor as claimed in claim 1 wherein each pixel further comprises an input switch (20;30) for applying a fixed potential ( $V_{reset}$ ) across the light sensor element.

14. (Original) A method of measuring light intensity of an image to be detected using a plurality of light sensor elements (12) each forming a pixel of an image sensor, a sensor voltage ( $V_{in}$ ) across the elements varying depending on the light incident on the elements, the method comprising:

providing the sensor voltage ( $V_{in}$ ) to an in-pixel voltage amplifier through a source-follower buffer transistor;

amplifying the voltage provided by the source-follower buffer transistor using the in-pixel voltage amplifier (16) having a gain magnitude greater than 1;

charging a sampling capacitor (18) with the amplified voltage ( $V_{out}$ ) and measuring the flow of charge required to charge the sampling capacitor (18).

15. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 14, wherein a reset operation is carried out before amplifying the voltage provided by the source-follower buffer transistor, the reset operation comprising applying a known potential to one terminal of the sampling capacitor (18) and applying a known potential ( $V_{reset}$ ) across the sensor element, the amplified voltage ( $V_{out}$ ) being subsequently applied to the other terminal of the sampling capacitor (18).

16. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 14, wherein the capacitance of the sampling capacitor (18) is less than 10 times the capacitance of a pixel storage capacitor (14) of the pixel.

17. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 16, wherein the capacitance of the sampling capacitor (18) is less than 2 times the capacitance of the pixel storage capacitor (14).

18. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 17, wherein the capacitance of the sampling capacitor (18) is approximately equal to the capacitance of the pixel storage capacitor (14).

19. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 14, wherein the gain magnitude of the voltage amplifier (16) is in the range 2 to 5.